# **Clinton-Glen Gardner School District**



# **Curriculum Management System**

Speech and Language
Grades PreK-8
April 2012

**Board Approved: May 15, 2012** 

<sup>\*</sup> For adoption by all regular education programs as specified and for adoption or adaptation by all Special Education Programs in accordance with Board of Education Policy #2200.

# **Table of Contents**

Clinton-Glen Gardner School District Administration and Board of Education Members	Page 3
Acknowledgments	Page 4
District Mission Statement and Philosophy	Page 5
Common Core State Standards	Page 8
Language Introduction	Page 9
Language Unit Plans	Page 10
References	Page 25

#### **CLINTON-GLEN GARDNER SCHOOL DISTRICT**

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# Acknowledgments

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# Clinton-Glen Gardner School District

# <u>Mission</u>

The mission of Clinton Public School is to inspire our students to become contributing members of society who are independent, innovative, life-time learners equipped with the necessary skills to meet the demands of our ever-changing world.

## **Philosophy**

A speech-language disorder is a disorder of articulation/phonology, language, fluency, or voice. It can be secondary to many neurological, cognitive, and genetic disorders such as cerebral palsy, hearing impairment, trisomy 21 (Down's Syndrome), autism, and cleft lip/palate. It can also result from a developmental delay. Students in preschool (ages three to five) through grade eight who have deficits in any of these areas that affect communication may experience academic and social failure. Clinton Public School students who meet eligibility requirements for the New Jersey Administrative Code for Special Education (N.J.A.C.6A:14) receive speech-language services.

The Town of Clinton Board of Education strongly supports the Speech-Language department at Clinton Public School. A wide range of services, materials and assessment tools are available to students with communication disorders.

The role of the speech-language specialist (SLS) in schools is multi-faceted. Specific responsibilities depend on the nature and size of the student population being served as well as the educational setting in which the services occur. The following is a list of the key responsibilities of the speech-language specialist in the school setting:

- Direct Service Provider
- Evaluator
- Consultant
- Child Study Team Member
- Case Manager

In accordance with N.J.A.C.6A:14, students are initially evaluated by a New Jersey state certified Speech-Language Specialist on an individual basis. The results of the speech-language evaluation (formal and/or functional) and other relevant assessments are used to determine if the child meets the law's eligibility criteria. The student may receive Speech-Language services under one of two classifications:

1. Eligible for Special Education with Speech as a Related Service

or

2. Eligible for Speech-Language Services (ESLS)

As part of the speech-language evaluation the student's strengths and weaknesses are assessed. An Individual Education Plan (IEP) is developed for each classified student. The SLS develops the speech and/or language goals based on the student's areas of weakness and the impact on educational performance.

Once a student has been determined eligible for speech-language services, as part of the IEP process, the **service delivery model** or models must be identified. The following are the most commonly used models:

- Traditional "pull-out" model
- In-class "push-in" model
- Integrated therapy use of classroom curriculum and materials within the speech room

Group size, frequency and duration of services are determined by the IEP team depending on the speech-language needs of the individual student.

Each year an annual review is held with but not limited to the student's parent(s), guardian(s) and teacher(s) to discuss individual student progress and make appropriate changes to the IEP. A triennial review is conducted to reassess eligibility for speech-language services. If the student no longer meets eligibility requirements, he/she is formally declassified and services are terminated. If the student remains eligible for S/L Services, classification is maintained and a new IEP is developed.

### INTRODUCTION

A research-based speech-language program is provided at Clinton Public School. In this curriculum guide, therapy objectives have been sequenced in a developmental hierarchy to be followed as deemed appropriate by the SLS. Due to the extremely individualized planning that the discipline of speech-language pathology requires, it should be noted that the objectives are general in nature. The sequence of objectives is to be decided by the SLS according to the individual needs of each student.

Four skill areas are presented in this curriculum guide:

- 1. Articulation and Phonology
- 2. Language
- 3. Fluency
- 4. Voice

#### Each area includes:

- Definition
- Eligibility Criteria
- Educational Impact
- Long Term Goals
- Short Term Objectives
- Common Core Standards
- Essential Questions and Conceptual Understanding
- Instructional Tools/Materials
- Technology
- Resources/Reference Books
- Learning Activities
- Interdisciplinary Activities
- Assessment Models

The Clinton Public School SLS uses this curriculum to develop treatment plans based on the student's needs. An eclectic approach to therapy is most effective in this discipline. The SLS constantly stays abreast of evidenced-based practices within the field of Speech-Language Pathology.

The long-range goal of speech-language services is to improve the student's communication as it relates to academic content and classroom performance. Short-term objectives are sequenced in the order most appropriate for each student.

## New Jersey State Department of Education Common Core State Standards

#### A note about Common Core State Standards for Language Arts.

The Common Core State Standards for Language Arts were adopted in 2010. The standards referenced in this curriculum guide refer to the progress indicators in these newly adopted standards. A complete copy of the Common Core State Standards for Language Arts may be found at:

http://www.corestandards.org/the-standards/english-language-arts-standards (by grade band)

http://www.corestandards.org/the-standards (in their entirety)

# **Grades PreK-8 Speech and Language**

#### <u>Language</u>

A language disorder is impairment in the development or use of:

- Receptive Language (i.e. comprehension, concept development)
- Expressive Language (i.e. spoken and/or written language)

The disorder may involve the:

- content of language (semantic system)
- form of language (phonologic, morphologic, and syntactic systems)
- use of language in communication (pragmatic system)
- metalinguistic aspects of language (thinking about language by focusing on the language form, structure, and/or meaning; phonological awareness)
- auditory perception and processing

#### **Eligibility Criteria**

According to N.J.A.C. 6A:14-3.6(a)2 the problem shall be demonstrated through functional assessment of language in other than a testing situation and performance below 1.5 standard deviations from the mean, or the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile on at least two standardized oral language tests, where such tests are appropriate [N.J.A.C. 6A:14-3.5(c)4].

#### **Educational Impact**

Any language disability that negatively impacts a student's success in achieving the College and Career Readiness (CCR) and grade-specific standards, set forth in the Common Core State Standards, should be considered to demonstrate detrimental academic impact. A language disability may result in poor academic performance across all areas of the curriculum.

Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8	Topic: Language  Goal 1: The student will develop semantics (Content of Language – Bloom/Lahey, 1988).	
Speech and Language Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
1.1. Understand and use the following content categories:    Existence    Non-existence    Recurrence    Rejection    Denial    Attribution    Possession    Action    Locative action    Locative state    State    Quantity    Notice    Temporal    Additive    Causal    Specification    Dative    Epistemic    Adversative    Communication  1.2. Develop linguistic relationships through:    Labeling    Functions    Associations    Categorization    Concepts (Spatial, Temporal, Qualitative,	Essential Questions: How will improving your vocabulary make you a better student? How will improving your vocabulary help you to communicate better in your classroom and with your friends?  Conceptual Understandings: Improving my vocabulary will help me follow directions; understand my teachers' lessons; understand assignments and key words in all my subject areas.  Improving my vocabulary will help me participate and feel more confident in classroom discussions and when talking with my friends.	Instructional Tools/Materials: Worksheets Language picture cards Gameboards Language comprehension workbooks Academic subject material Fokes Sentence Builder Spotlight Series Sparc for Concepts Bridge for Vocabulary Just for Me Vocabulary Just for Me Concepts Scissors, Glue and Concepts Too! Scissors, Glue and Vocabulary Too! Vocabulary to Go Webber Classifying Cards HELP for Language Processing - Elementary HELP for Language Processing - Middle School  Technology: CD-ROMS Compact Discs iPod, iPad
Quantitative) Antonyms Synonyms Homonyms		Resources/Reference Books:  Bloom/Lahey – Language Development & Language Disorders  The Source for Processing Disorders – G. Richard

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language		
Subject/Grade Level:	Goal 1: The student will develop semantics (Content of Language – Bloom/Lahey, 1988).		
Grades PreK-8			
Speech and Language			
Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
The student will be able to:		Activities / Assessment Model	
Similarities (Comparison)		Learning Activities/Strategies:	
Differences (Contrast)		Prompt- await and evaluate response – adjust	
Multiple Meanings Analogies		prompt/pre-teach	
Idioms		Use appropriate charts and graphic organizers to move	
Inferences		student from direct prompting to more independent	
Metaphors		functioning	
Hyperbole		Listen and follow directions	
Personification		Insert language picture cards into slotted board	
		Discuss vocabulary	
The following standards apply to the objectives listed above:		Pre-teach on self, then 3 dimensional mode before moving to 2 dimensional activities	
Language (L)		Noun, Verb tense, Adjective, Adverb, and Idiom cards	
L.K.1.b-f; L.K.4.a,b; L.K.5.a-d; L.K.6		Function, Association and Classification cards	
L.1.1.b-j; L.1.4.a-c; L.1.5.a-d; L.1.6		Drills for vocabulary pre-teaching and reinforcement	
L.2.1.a-f; L.2.3.a; L.2.4.a-e; L.2.5.a, b;		Cloze activities	
L.2.6		Sign Language	
L.3.1.a-i; L.3.3.a, b; L.3.4.a-d; L.3.5.a-c;		Oigh Language	
L.3.5.6		Interdictinary Activities	
L.4.1.a-g; L.4.3.a,c; L.4.4.a-c; L.4.5.a-c;		Interdisciplinary Activities:	
L.4.6		Literacy and academic support through language development activities	
L.5.1.a-e; L.5.3.a, b; L.5.4.a-c; L.5.5.a-c;		Coordination of speech activities with grade level	
L.5.6		curriculum subject matter (i.e. themes, units, plays,	
L.6.1.a-e; L.6.4.a-d; L.6.5.a-c; L.6.6		vocabulary)	
L.7.1.a-c; L.7.3.a; L.7.4.a-d; L.7.5.a-c;		Assessment Models:	
L.7.6		Accomplishment of objectives 80% of time as measured	
L.8.1.a-c; L.8.3.a; L.8.4.a-d; L.8.5.a-c;		formal or informal assessments	
L.8.6		Observations by speech-language therapist	
		Demonstration of skill transfer into classroom as reported by teacher	

Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8	Topic: Language  Goal 1: The student will develop semantics (Content of Language – Bloom/Lahey, 1988).	
Speech and Language Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
Speaking and Listening (SL) SL.K.2; SL.K.4; SL.K.6 SL.1.2; SL.1.3; SL.1.4; SL.1.6 SL.2.2; SL.2.3; SL.2.4; SL.2.6 SL.3.2; SL.3.3; SL.3.4; SL.3.6 SL.4.2; SL.4.4; SL.4.6 SL.5.1.c, d; SL.5.2; SL.5.4 SL.6.1.c; SL.6.4; SL.6.6 SL.7.1.c; SL.7.4; SL.7.6 SL.8.1.c; SL.8.4; SL.8.6		

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language  Goal 2: The student will develop morphology to an age, grade, or cognitively appropriate level.  (Form of Language – Bloom/Lahey, 1988)		
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8 Speech and Language			
Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
<ul> <li>2.1. Understand and use the rules of morphology including: <ul> <li>a. Word-formation rules (nouns)</li> <li>Noun plural</li> <li>Noun possessive (singular/plural)</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Word-formation rules (verbs) <ul> <li>Present progressive</li> <li>Third-person singular-present</li> <li>Past tense</li> </ul> </li> <li>c. Word-formation rules (adjectives) <ul> <li>Comparative</li> <li>Superlative</li> <li>Prefixes</li> <li>Suffixes</li> </ul> </li> <li>d. Noun Derivation <ul> <li>e. Adverb Derivation</li> <li>f. Diminutive of nouns</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <li>The following standards apply to each of the</li>	Essential Questions:  How will improving your understanding of the way words are formed help you be a better student and communicate better with your friends? (Receptive)  How will improving the way you form your words help you communicate better in your classroom and with your friends. (Expressive)  Conceptual Understandings:  Improving my understanding of the way words are formed will help me: read, write, and spell better in all my subject areas. (Receptive)	Instructional Tools/Materials: Worksheets Language picture cards Gameboards Academic subject material Fokes Sentence Builder Spotlight Series HELP for Language Processing – Elementary Super Duper – Fun Decks No Glamour Sentence Structure Build a Sentence Scissors, Glue and Grammar, Too!  Technology: CD-ROMS	
Language (L) L.K.1.c; L.K.4.b L.1.1.c; L.1.4.b-c L.2.4.b L.3.1.d-e; L.3.2.d-f; L.3.4.b L.5.1.c; L.5.4.b L.6.4.b L.7.4.b L.8.4.b	Improving the way I form my words will help me in my writing and speaking assignments for all my subjects. It will also help me sound like my friends and then be more respected by them. (Expressive)	Additional Resources/Reference Books: Bloom/Lahey – Language Development & Language Disorders  Learning Activities: Prompt- await and evaluate response – adjust prompt an pre-teach Use more appropriate charts and graphic organizers to move student from direct prompting to more independent functioning Listen and follow directions	

ioal 2: The student will develop mo (Form of Language – Bloon ntial Questions, eptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
,	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary
	- I and the second seco
	Insert picture cards into slotted board
	Discuss vocabulary
	Pre-teach on self, then 3 dimensional mode before movir to 2 dimensional activities
	Index card matching
	Drills for vocabulary pre-teaching and reinforcement
	Noun, Adjective, Adverb and Verb tense cards
	Interdisciplinary Activities:
	Literacy and academic support through language development activities
	Coordination of speech activities with grade level curriculum subject matter (i.e. themes, units, plays, vocabulary)
	Assessment Models:
	Accomplishment of objectives 80% of time as measured formal or informal assessments
	Observations by speech-language specialist
	Demonstration of skill transfer into classroom as reported by teacher

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language  Goal 3: The student will develop syntax to an age, grade, or cognitively appropriate level.  (Form of Language – Bloom/Lahey, 1988)		
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8 Speech and Language			
Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Table / Metarials / Tashnalagu /	
Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	ŕ	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary	
The student will be able to:	Conceptual Understandings	Activities / Assessment Model	
3.1. Understand and use correct syntax	Essential Questions:	Instructional Tools/Materials:	
including:	How will improving your understanding of	Worksheets	
Recognition and judgment of correct	grammar help you be a better student and	Language picture cards	
grammar Declarative sentence	communicate better with your friends?	Gameboards	
Negation	(Receptive)	Academic subject material	
Active	How will improving your grammar help you to communicate better in your classroom	Fokes Sentence Builder	
Passive	and with your friends? (Expressive)	Spotlight Series	
Interrogative sentence	and with your mondo. (Exprosorvo)	HELP for Language Processing – Elementary	
Yes/no interrogative "Wh" interrogative		Super Duper – Fun Decks	
Negative interrogative	On an art of Hada arts of the		
Imperative sentence	Conceptual Understandings:	No Glamour Sentence Structure	
Exclamatory sentence	Improving understanding of my grammar will help me: read, write, and spell better in	Build a Sentence	
Sentence structure	all my subject areas. (Receptive)	Scissors, Glue and Grammar, Too!	
Simple sentence	an my subject areas. (Nesoptive)	Wh – question, Noun, Verb, cards	
Compound sentence Complex sentence	Improving the way I use grammar in my		
Noun/verb agreement	speech will help me in my writing and	Technology:	
<b>3</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	speaking assignments for all my subjects. It	CD-ROMS	
The following standards apply to each of the	will also help me sound like my friends and	Compact Discs	
objectives listed above:	then be more respected by them.		
Language (L)	(Expressive)	Additional Resources/Reference Books:	
L.K.1.c-f; L.K.4.b		Bloom/Lahey – Language Development & Language	
L.1.1.b-j; L.1.4.c		Disorders	
L.2.1.b-f			
		Learning Activities:	
L.3.1.b,d-f, h-j; L.3.2.d		Prompt- await and evaluate response – adjust prompt and	
L.4.1.b-f		pre-teach	
L.5.1.a-e; L.5.3.a		Use more appropriate charts and graphic organizers to	
L.6.1.a-d		move student from direct prompting to more independent	
L.7.1.a-c; L.7.3.a		functioning	

Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level:	Topic: Language  Goal 3: The student will develop syntax to an age, grade, or cognitively appropriate level.  (Form of Language – Bloom/Lahey, 1988)		
Grades PreK-8			
Speech and Language	ch and Language		
Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary	
The student will be able to:		Activities / Assessment Model	
L.8.1.a-d; L.8.3.a			
		Insert picture cards into slotted board	
		Discuss vocabulary	
		Pre-teach on self, then 3 dimensional mode before moving to 2 dimensional activities	
		Drills for vocabulary pre-teaching and reinforcement	
		Interdisciplinary Activities:	
		Literacy and academic support through language development activities	
		Coordination of speech activities with grade level curriculum subject matter (i.e. themes, units, plays, vocabulary)	
		Assessment Models:	
		Accomplishment of objectives 80% of time as measured by formal or informal assessments	
		Observations by speech-language specialist	
		Demonstration of skill transfer into classroom as reported by teacher	

Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level:	Topic: Language  Goal 4: The student will improve pragmatic skills so his/her own intentions are communicated and intentions of others are interpreted appropriately. (Use of Language)	
Grades PreK-8		
Speech and Language		
Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
The student will be able to:		/ tour time of / tour time do.
4.1. Understand and participate appropriately	Essential Questions:	Instructional Tools/Materials:
in the verbal and non-verbal communication process.	How will improving your social skills make	Say and Do – Positive Pragmatic Gameboards
·	you a better student?	The New Social Story Book – Carol Gray
Label	How will improving your social skills help	The Social Skills Picture Book - Jed Baker
Request object	you communicate better in your classroom and with your friends?	Spotlight on Social Skills
Request action	and with your mends:	Tasks of Problem Solving (TOPS)
Request answer		Social-Pragmatic Success – Timothy Kowalski
Comment	0	Are You in the Zone – Timothy Kowalski
Greeting	Conceptual Understandings:	, and the second
Call	Improving my social skills will make me communicate better and make me a better	Technology:
Gain attention	student/friend because it will help me pay	CD-ROMS
Protest answering	attention; use self-control; take turns;	iPod, iPad
Language Play	respond appropriately and understand the	ii ou, ii au
Ritualizing function:	feelings of others.	Resources/Reference Books:
Greetings and farewells Availability response		
Expressions of appreciation		The Source for Intervention in Autism Spectrum Disorde
Informing function:		The Source for Autism
Communication of reasons		
Communication of outcomes		Learning Activities:
Communication of justifications Identification of factual versus		Prompt- await and evaluate response – adjust prompt a
opinionated information		pre-teach
Controlling function:		Dialogue bubbles
Identification and formulation of		Worksheets
indirect requests Prohibitions		Listen and follow directions
Warning		Discussion
Feeling function:		Role Playing
Identifying and formulating tasks		Drills for vocabulary pre-teaching and reinforcement
Emotional reaction		Social skills gameboards
Imagining Reaction:		Social Stories

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language	
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8	Goal 4: The student will improve <b>pragmatic</b> skills so his/her own intentions are communicated a intentions of others are interpreted appropriately. (Use of Language)	
Speech and Language Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
Storytelling and other imagining tasks		
The following standards apply to each of the objectives listed above:  Speaking and Listening (SL)  SL.K.1.a,b; SL.K.2; SL.K.3  SL.1.1.a,b,c; SL.1.3  SL.2.1.a,b,c; SL.2.3  SL.3.1.b,c,d; SL.3.3  SL.4.1.b,c,d; SL.4.6  SL.5.1.b,c,d; SL.5.6  SL.6.1.b,c,d; SL.5.6  SL.7.1.b,c,d; SL.7.4; SL.7.6  SL.8.1.b,c,d; SL.8.4; SL.8.6		Emotions thermometer/Thought bubble Behavior charts Coping mechanisms Video modeling  Interdisciplinary Activities: Academic support through development of appropriate pragmatic language and conversation skills Coordination of speech activities with grade level curriculum subject matter (i.e. themes, units, plays, vocabulary)  Assessment Models: Accomplishment of objectives 80% of time as measured formal or informal assessments Observations by speech-language specialist Demonstration of skill transfer into classroom as reported by teacher

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language	
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8	Goal 5: The student will develop metalinguistics in order to notice, think about, and work with wor and sounds in spoken language as part of reading readiness and early literacy development.	
Speech and Language		
Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
The student will be able to:		Activities / Assessment Model
5.1. Develop phonological awareness skills:	Essential Questions:	Instructional Tools/Materials:
Auditory discrimination of words and/or sounds	How will learning about letter sounds and	Sound Awareness Workout
Compound word manipulation	how you can put them together and take them apart make you a better student?	Say and Glue Phonological Awareness
Syllable counting	them apart make you a better student?	Gameboads
Onset-Rime (Identification, Generation)		Worksheets
Phoneme Identification		LiPS mouth pictures
Phoneme Blending Phoneme Segmentation	Conceptual Understandings:	
Phoneme Deletion	Learning about letter sounds, putting sounds together and taking them apart will	Technology:
Phoneme Addition	help me understand how words work. This	Earobics Step I and II (CD-ROM)
Phoneme Substitution	will make me be a better reader and speller.	Hear Builder Phonological Awareness (CD-ROM)
Transposition		Phonemic Awareness for Reading & Spelling (CD-ROM)
		I'm All Ears (Compact Disc)
The following standards apply to each of the objectives listed above:		Alphabet Sounds – Sounds Like Fun (Compact Disc)
Reading - Foundational Skills: (RF)		Resources/Reference Books:
RF.K.2.a-e; RF.K.3.a, b, d		Lindamood Phoneme Sequencing Program for Reading,
RF.1.2.a-d; RF.1.3.a-e		Spelling and Speech (LiPS)
RF.2.3.a-c		Phonemic Awareness Sound by Sound
		Sounds Abound
		Phonemic Awareness for Young Children
		The Literacy Link
		Ladders to Literacy
		Learning Activities/Strategies:
		Prompt- await and evaluate response – adjust, prompt and pre-teach
		Use more appropriate charts and graphic organizers to move student from direct prompting to more independent

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language	
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8	Goal 5: The student will develop metalinguistics in order to notice, think about, and work with words and sounds in spoken language as part of reading readiness and early literacy development.	
Speech and Language		
Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary
Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Conceptual Understandings	Activities / Assessment Model
The student will be able to.		functioning
		Insert picture cards into slotted board for sound placemen
		Pre-teach on self, then 3 dimensional mode (i.e. tiles, blocks) before moving to 2 dimensional activities
		Rhyming cards
		Minimal Pair cards
		Teach phonological processing vocabulary
		Phonological Awareness processing drills
		Auditory cloze activities
		Phonemic Awareness activities (i.e. sound manipulation, deletion, blending, segmenting, rhyming)
		Phoneme manipulation with colored blocks, squares and/oletter tiles, mouth pictures
		Interdisciplinary Activities:
		Literacy and academic support through sound development activities
		Coordination of speech activities with grade level curriculum subject matter (i.e. reading, spelling, writing)
		Assessment Models:
		Accomplishment of objectives 80% of time as measured be formal or informal assessments
		Observations by speech-language specialist
		Demonstration of skill transfer into classroom as reported by teacher

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language  Goal 6: The student will develop metalinguistics in order to notice, think about and work with words and sounds for the development of reading comprehension and receptive/expressive language.		
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8 Speech and Language Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:			
	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
6.1. Understand and use the following self-	Essential Questions:	Instructional Tools/Material:	
cueing strategies:	How will learning about words and how to remember them help make you a better student?	Worksheets	
Reflective pausing Gesture cueing Phonemic cueing Graphemic cueing		Synonym, Antonym, Association and Category cards Gameboards	
Imagery cueing		Technology:	
Associative cueing	Conceptual Understandings:	Word Concepts (CD-ROM) Level I & II	
Category name substituting	Learning about words and how to	Early Classifying Interactive Games (CD-ROM)	
Synonym cueing Antonym cueing Rapid naming	remember words will help improve my vocabulary in all my subjects.	iPad, iPod Applications	
		Resources/Reference Books:	
The following standards apply to each of the		The Source for Reading Comprehension	
objectives listed above:		Word Finding Intervention Program – Diane German	
Reading Foundations (RF)		Language Processing Remediation – Gail Richard	
RF.K.3.a		Visualizing and Verbalizing Manual & Stories – Nanci Bel	
RF.1.3.a			
		Learning Activities/Strategies:	
Language (L)		Prompt- await and evaluate response – adjust, prompt an	
L.K.5.a-b		pre-teach	
L.1.1.b, e-f; L.1.5.a-b, d		Use more appropriate charts and graphic organizers to	
L.2.1.e; L.2.5.a-b		move student from direct prompting to more independent functioning	
L.3.4.c; L.3.6		Discuss vocabulary	
L.4.4.b; L.4.5.a-c		Pre-teach on self (gesture), 3 dimensional mode before	
L.5.4.b; L.5.5.a-c		moving to 2 dimensional activities	
L.6.4.a-b; L.6.5.a-c; L.6.6		Synonym, Antonym, Association, Category card matching	
		Drills for vocabulary pre-teaching and reinforcement	
		Cloze activities	

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language		
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8 Speech and Language	<u>Goal 6:</u> The student will develop <b>metalinguistics</b> in order to notice, think about and work with words and sounds for the development of reading comprehension and receptive/expressive language.		
Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
		Interdisciplinary Activities:	
		Literacy and academic support through language development activities	
		Coordination of speech activities with grade level curriculum subject matter (i.e. reading comprehension, themes, units, plays, vocabulary)	
		Assessment Models:	
		Accomplishment of objectives 80% of time as measured formal or informal assessments	
		Observations by speech-language specialist	
		Demonstration of skill transfer into classroom as reported by teacher	

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language		
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8 Speech and Language Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Goal 7: The student will be able to develop auditory perception and auditory processing the abilit to listen on a variety of levels: empathetic listening, critical listening, listening for pleasure, listening for comprehension, listening for recall.		
	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
7.1. Develop auditory perceptual skills:     Auditory Segmentation     Auditory Association     Auditory Closure     Auditory Discrimination     Auditory Figure-Ground     Auditory Localization     Auditory Memory     Auditory Sequential Memory     Auditory Synthesis/Sound Blending  The following standards apply to each of the objectives listed above:     Reading - Foundational Skills: (RF)     RF.K.2.a-e; RF.K.3.a-b, d     RF.1.2.a-d; RF.1.3.a-e     RF.2.3.a-c	Essential Questions: How will improving your listening skills help make you a better student? How will improving your listening skills help make you communicate better in your classroom and with your friends?  Conceptual Understandings: Improving my listening skills will help me pay attention; answer questions correctly; follow directions; improve my memory; remember my assignments; be better organized and become a better reader and speller.  Improving my listening skills will help me communicate better in my classroom and with my friends because it will help me understand and be part of discussions and conversations.	Instructional Tools/Materials:  HELP – Elementary  HELP – Middle School  Gameboards  Worksheets  Central Auditory Processing Kits 1, 2, 3: Auditory Memory, Discrimination, Closure, Synthesis, Figure-Ground, Cohesion, Binaural Integration, Compensatory Strategies Remedia – Following Directions, Sequencing LiPS mouth pictures Blocks  Technology: Earobics Step I & II (CD-ROM) Hear Builders Following Directions (CD-ROM) Hear Builders Phonological Awareness (CD-ROM) Stereo Amplified Listener Auditory feedback headset iPod, iPad  Resources/Reference Books: The Source for Processing Disorders – Gail Richard Phonemic Synthesis Kit – J. Katz When the Brain Can't Hear – Teri Bellis Don't You Get It? - Living with Auditory Learning Disabilities – Jay Lucker	

Curriculum Management System	Topic: Language		
Subject/Grade Level: Grades PreK-8 Speech and Language Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Goal 7: The student will be able to develop auditory perception and auditory processing the abilit to listen on a variety of levels: empathetic listening, critical listening, listening for pleasure, listening for comprehension, listening for recall.		
	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
		Learning Activities/Strategies:	
		Prompt- await and evaluate response – adjust, prompt an pre-teach	
		Use more appropriate charts and graphic organizers to move student from direct prompting to more independent functioning	
		Listen and follow directions	
		Sequence cards	
		Pre-teach on self, then 3 dimensional mode before moving to 2 dimensional activities	
		Sound localization activities	
		Auditory perceptual drills	
		Phoneme manipulation with colored blocks, squares and letter tiles	
		Interdisciplinary Activities:	
		Literacy and academic support through activities that develop listening skills	
		Coordination of speech activities with grade level curriculum subject matter (i.e. oral reading comprehensic decoding and spelling)	
		Assessment Models:	
		Accomplishment of objectives 80% of time as measured formal or informal assessments	
		Observations by speech-language specialist	
		Demonstration of skill transfer into classroom as reported by teacher	

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