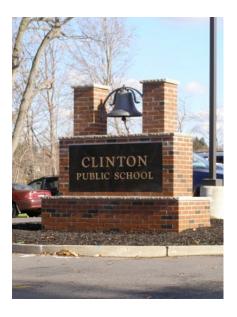
Clinton-Glen Gardner School District



Curriculum Management System

Music Grades K-2

Board Approved: August 2019

Revised: May 19, 2020

* For adoption by all regular education programs as specified and for adoption or adaptation by all Special Education Programs in accordance with Board of Education Policy #2200.

CLINTON-GLEN GARDNER SCHOOL DISTRICT

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Seth Cohen, Superintendent/Principal Mrs. Bernadette Wang, Business Administrator Mrs. Jacqueline Turner, Assistant Principal Dr. Jenine Kastner, Director of Special Services

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Acknowledgments

The following individuals are acknowledged for their assistance in the preparation of this Curriculum Management System:

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Stephanie Evans

21st Century Life and Careers Integration: Kelly DeJesus

Stephanie Evans

Clinton-Glen Gardner School District

<u>Mission</u>

The Clinton-Glen Gardner School District is a community who values traditions. Our mission is to nurture and cultivate each child to be a compassionate, curious, and creative thinker, entrusted and empowered to build and lead the future.

Philosophy

Experience with and knowledge of the arts is an essential component of student learning in the 21st century. As we meet the needs of a changing world and the 21st century workforce, capitalizing on the unique ability of the arts to unleash creativity and innovation in our students is critical for success. The arts enable personal, intellectual, social, economic, and human growth by fostering creativity and providing opportunities for expression beyond the limits of language. Equitable access to arts instruction is achieved when students have regular experiences in each of the four arts disciplines (dance, music, theatre, and visual art). Thus, the goal of the music program is to contribute to students' regular, sequential arts instruction.

As with any language, musical literacy provides the tools necessary to express one's self. The music curriculum provides the tools with which students can become musically literate and fosters students who:

- Create, reshape, and fully participate in the enhancement of the quality of life, globally
- Participate in social, cultural, and intellectual interplay among people of different ethnic, racial, and cultural backgrounds
- Possess essential technical skills and abilities significant to many aspects of life and work in the 21st century
- Understand and impact the increasingly complex technological environment.

New Jersey State Department of Education Student Learning Standards

A note about Visual and Performing Arts Standards and Cumulative Progress Indicators

The New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Visual and Performing Arts were revised in 2014. The Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) referenced in this curriculum guide refer to these new standards. A complete copy of the new Student Learning Standards for Visual and Performing Arts may be found at:

https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2014/arts/

A note about 21st Century Life and Careers Standards and Cumulative Progress Indicators.

The New Jersey Student Learning Standards for 21st Century Life and Careers were revised in 2014. The Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) referenced in this curriculum guide refer to these new standards. A complete copy of the new Student Learning Standards for 21st Century Life and Careers may be found at:

https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2014/career/

Grades K-2 General Music

Scope and Sequence

Trimester I (Septe	Trimester I (September–December)				
Topic: Singing (4 weeks) I. Singing simple melodies a. Singing on the pitches sol-mi b. Creating new verses to songs c. Singing accumulative songs d. Singing songs from textbook e. Auditory discrimination	Topic: Rhythm (4 weeks) II. Tempo a. Identifying fast and slow tempos b. Identifying run, walk and gallop rhythms c. Introducing quarter note, half note and eighth note rhythms d. Introducing rhythmic patterns in 4/4 time				
NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2, 1.3.2.B.4, 1.3.2.B.5, 1.3.2.B.6	NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.B.2, 1.1.2.B.3, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.5				
Topic: Movement (3 weeks) III. Moving to the beat a. Moving specifically to the music b. Following directions - acting out short plays. c. Moving to quarter notes, eighth notes and half notes d. Following specific choreography	Topic: Dynamics (2 weeks) IV. Forte and Piano a. Conducting loud and soft b. Singing loud and soft c. Identifying forte and piano in music				
NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.A.1, 1.1.2.A.4, 1.3.2.A.2, 1.3.2.A.3, 1.3.2.A.4, 1.3.2.C.2, 1.3.2.C.3	NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.B.2, 1.1.2.B.3, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2				

Materials Used in this Unit

- Danny Quinn Children's CDs
- Music K-8 Magazine
- Hap Palmer CD
- Silver Birdette CD's- What do you Hear?
- Drum
- Toe, Leg Knee CD
- Tone bells
- Singing with Young Children (Bonnie Phipps)
- It's Time For Music (Mary Louise Reilly & Lynn Freeman Olson)

21st Century Skills (The ones that apply to this unit are in bold)

- Creativity & Innovation
- Critical Thinking & Problem Solving
- Communication & Collaboration
- Media Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Information, Communication & Technology

21st Century Themes (The ones that apply to this unit are in bold)

- Global Awareness
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Civic Literacy
- Health Literacy
- Environmental Literacy

Technology Standards

- 8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems.
- 8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.
- 8.2.2.B.2 Demonstrate how reusing a product affects the local and global environment.
- 8.2.2.B.4 Identify how the ways people live and work has changed because of technology.

Career Education Standards

- 9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work-related activities in the school, home, and community.
- 9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and relate information to personal likes and dislikes.

Career Ready Practices

- CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Interdisciplinary Connections

- RF.K.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).
- NJSLSA.W10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- K.CC.A Know number names and the count sequence.
- K.CC.B Count to tell the number of objects.
- K.MD.B Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.
- 1.0A.C Add and subtract within 20.
- 1.NBT.A Extend the counting sequence.
- 2.G.A Reason with shapes and their attributes.

Differentiation

Special Education: Read and follow IEP/504. Meet with CST case manager if additional guidance is needed.

For Gifted: Encourage risk taking in crating their projects as opportunities to stretch skills during production. Actively assess to identify student interests, learning preferences and the ability to work independently.

At Risk: Review specific accommodations for individual students in RTI folder. If accommodations are not working, schedule meeting with RTI case manager to discus and refine/update strategies.

ELL: Meet with Mrs. Olczak to discuss specific accommodations based on student progress and placement on WIDA testing.

Assessments

Formative Assessments:

- Ask questions
- Think-pair-share
- Exit tickets
- Demonstrate learning through diagramming or charting

Summative Assessments:

- End of unit tests/guizzes
- Final projects

District Benchmark:

K-1: Keep a steady beat.

Perform and Identify run, walk and gallop: red leaves and yellow leaves

2: Keep a steady beat.

Perform and Identify quarter and eighth note and half note rhythms.

K-1: Sing and sign sol-mi on pitch.

Play the bells on sol-mi.

Sing a variety of simple melodies.

Make up a verse of a song by filling in the blanks.

Disguise their voice in a song.

2: Sing a variety of simple melodies.

Sing on pitch from basic notation.

Create new verses to songs.

K-1: Move to specific tempos and rhythms.

Create moves for specific tempos.

Follow directions for a short narrative play.

2: Move to specific tempos and rhythms.

Create dance moves to songs.

K-2: Identify loud and soft sounds through visuals. Identify forte and piano through listening.

Conduct forte and piano.

Alternative Assessment: PBA based on student choice

District Goals

Opportunities for Inquiry Based Learning and Project Based Learning as outlined in lesson plans

Suggested days of Instruction	Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level:	Topic: Singing	
	Grades K-2 General Music	Goal 1: The student will be able to sing, identify and perform simple melodies.	
Suggeste Instru	Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
4	The student will be able to: 1.1. Sing and sign the pitches solmi. (1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2) 1.2. Play the bells on the pitches solmi. (1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.3) 1.3. Sing melodies by rote. (1.1.2.B.1) 1.4. Create new verses to songs. (1.3.2.B.5) 1.5. Sing an accumulative song. (1.3.2.B.2) 1.6. Sing songs from a lyric page. (1.3.2.B.1) 1.7. Sing songs from a textbook. (1.3.2.B.1)	Essential Questions: How can you successfully match pitch? What makes a good singing voice? How can you successfully make up a new verse to a song? How can you successfully disguise your voice in this song? Conceptual Understandings: Proper vocal production/vocal placement requires an understanding of the physical properties of sound and basic anatomy. Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy. The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo.	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher. Learning Activities: Singing a variety of simple songs. Singing and signing sol-mi. Playing the bells on sol-mi Disguising your voice in a Halloween song. Assessment Models: Students will be asked to: K-1: Sing and sign sol-mi on pitch Play the bells on sol-mi Sing a variety of simple melodies. Make up a verse of a song by filling in the blanks. Disguise their voice in a song. 2: Sing a variety of simple melodies. Sing on pitch from basic notation. Create new verses to songs.
	1.8. Disguise their voice in a song. (1.3.2.B.5)	Improvisation is a foundational skill for music composition.	Additional Resources:
	1.9. Practice collaborative skills in		Tone bells

of	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Singing	
ays o	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2	Goal 1: The student will be able to sing, ic	dentify and perform simple melodies.
ed da uctio	General Music		
yest nstr	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Suggested days Instruction	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:		
	groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1) 1.10. Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience. (9.1.4.D.1)		Singing with Young Children (Bonnie Phipps) It's Time For Music (Mary Louise Reilly & Lynn Freeman Olson) Silver Birdette Grade 2 Moans and Groans and Skeleton Bones (Cheryl Lavender) Danny Quinn Children's CDs Music K-8 Magazine
	 1.11. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2) 1.12. Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in the family, classroom, and community settings. (9.1.4.F.3) 		

—	Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2 General Music		Topic: Rhythm	
Suggested days of Instruction			Goal 2: The student will be able to identify and perform spec	cific tempos and rhythms.
ste		ctives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Sugge	Cumi (CPI's	ulative Progress Indicators s)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The s	student will be able to:		
4	2.1.	Identify fast and slow tempos. (1.1.2.B.1, 1.1.2.B.2)	Essential Questions: How can you successfully keep a steady beat with the music?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.
	2.2.	Identify run, walk and gallop rhythms. (1.1.2.B.2)	What is the difference between these rhythms? How can you successfully perform these rhythms?	Learning Activities: Performing different tempos and rhythms. What do you hear? Listening -Fast or Slow
	2.3.	Identify quarter note, eighth note and half note rhythms. (1.1.2.B.3)	Conceptual Understandings: Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy.	Identifying quarter note and eighth note rhythms. Assessment Models:
	2.4.	Recognize rhythms in 4/4 time. (1.1.2.B.3)	The Elements of Music are foundational to basic music literacy.	Students will be asked to: K-1: Keep a steady beat. Perform and Identify run, walk and gallop:
	2.5.	Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.	The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo. Music is often defined as organized sound that is	red leaves and yellow leaves 2: Keep a steady beat. Perform and Identify quarter and eighth note and half note rhythms. Additional Resources:
	2.6	(9.1.4.B.1)	dependent upon predictable properties of tone and pitch. Musical notation captures tonality, dynamic range, and rhythm.	Hap Palmer CD Silver Birdette CD's- What do you Hear?
	2.6.	Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1)	,	Drum Toe, Leg Knee CD Silver Birdette Grade 2 Textbook Musical Experiences

-	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Rhythm		
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level:	Goal 2: The student will be able to identify and	perform specific tempos and rhythms.	
da	Grades K-2			
sted	General Music			
gges	Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities /	
Suç	(CPI's)	oonceptuul onderstandings	Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The student will be able to:			
	2.7. Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience. (9.1.4.D.1)			
	2.8. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)			
	2.9. Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in the family, classroom, and community settings. (9.1.4.F.3)			

_	Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2		Topic: Movement	
Suggested days of Instruction			Goal 3: The student will be able to move to specific tempos	s and rhythms as well as follow directions.
ed .nct	Gen	eral Music		
est	Obje	ctives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Sugg	Cum (CPI's	ulative Progress Indicators s)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The s	student will be able to:		
8	3.1.	Move to specific tempos. (1.1.2.A.1) Create movement for fast and slow tempos.	Essential Questions: How can you successfully move to these tempos? How can you successfully move to these rhythms? Why is it important to follow these directions?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.
		(1.1.2.A.2)	What makes a good performance of this play?	
		(,	what makes a good performance of this play?	Learning Activities:
	3.3.	Move to run, walk and gallop rhythms. (1.1.2.A.1)	Conceptual Understandings: Original choreography and improvisation of movement sequences begins with basic understanding of the dance elements.	Moving to fast and slow tempos. Drum talk- moving to run, walk and gallop Moving to specific rhythms. Creating dance moves to songs.
	3.4.	Move to quarter note, eighth note and half note rhythms. (1.1.2.A.4)	Original movement is generated through improvisational skills and techniques.	Acting out a short play. Assessment Models:
				Students will be asked to:
	3.5.	Follow directions. (1.3.2.C.1)	There are distinct differences between pedestrian movements and formal training in dance.	K-1: Move to specific tempos and rhythms. Create moves for specific tempos. Follow directions for a short narrative play.
	3.6.	Act out short plays. (1.1.2.A.3, 1.3.2.C.1, 1.3.2.C.2, 1.3.2.C.3)	The coordination and isolation of different body parts is dependent on dynamic alignment of the body while standing and moving.	Move to specific tempos and rhythms Create dance moves to songs.
	3.7.	Perform specific choreography.	Plays may use narrative structures to communicate themes.	Additional Resources: Hap Palmer CD Silver Birdette CDs- What do you Hear?
		(1.1.2.A.4)	Actors use voice and movement as tools for storytelling.	Drum Toe, Leg Knee CD
	3.8.	Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different	Voice and movement have broad ranges of expressive potential.	Silver Birdette Grade 2 Textbook Musical Experiences

Jo	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Movement		
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2	Goal 3: The student will be able to move to specific tempos and rhythms as well as follow directions.		
ed	General Music			
est	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
ار ققامج	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The student will be able to:			
	settings(at home, in school, during play).			
	(9.1.4.C.1)			
	3.9. Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience. (9.1.4.D.1)			
	3.10. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations.			
	(9.1.4.D.2)			
	3.11. Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in the family, classroom, and community settings. (9.1.4.F.3)			

J C	Subject/Grade Level:		Topic: Dynamics		
ays c			Goal 4: The student will be able to sing, conduct and identify forte and piano.		
gested day Instruction	Gen	eral Music			
este	Obje	ctives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
Sugg	Cumi (CPI's	ulative Progress Indicators s)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The s	student will be able to:			
2	4.1.	Identify forte and piano in music. (1.1.2.B.1) Recognize that F means loud and P means soft. (1.3.2.B.1)	Essential Questions: What is the difference between loud and soft sounds? How can you successfully identify forte and piano in music? How can you successfully conduct forte and piano?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher. Learning Activities: Show pictures or loud or soft sounds and identify. "Music in a Hat"	
	4.3.	Sing forte and piano. (1.3.2.B.1)	onceptual Understandings: ne ability to read music notation correlates to musical ency and literacy. Notation systems are complex mbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate	What Do You Hear? Forte vs. Piano Conducting Forte and Piano	
	4.4.	Conduct forte and piano. (1.3.2.B.7)	pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo. Basic conduction patterns and gestures provide cues about	Assessment Models: K-2 students will be asked to: Identify loud and soft sounds through visuals.	
	4.5.	Identify sounds that are loud and soft. (1.1.2.B.1, 1.1.2.B.2)	how and when to execute changes in dynamics, timbre and timing. Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for music literacy.	Identify forte and piano through listening. Conduct forte and piano.	
	4.6.	Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1)	The elements of music are foundational to basic music literacy.	Additional Resources: Music in a Hat- Dynamic duo cards F and P cards Silver Birdette- What Do You Hear? CD Grade one	
	4.7.	Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online			

<u>_</u>	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Dynamics		
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2	Goal 4: The student will be able to sing, condu	ict and identify forte and piano.	
ed c	General Music			
este	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
Sugg	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The student will be able to:			
	interactions and when presenting to an audience.			
	(9.1.4.D.1)			
	4.8. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)			
	4.9. Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in the family, classroom, and community settings. (9.1.4.F.3)			

Trimester II (December to March)

Topic: Singing (3 weeks)

- V. Singing simple melodies
 - a. Singing on the pitches mi-re-do
 - b. Singing seasonal songs
 - c. Singing ascending and descending scales in Solfeggio
 - d. Singing songs from textbook

NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2, 1.3.2.B.3, 1.3.2.B.4, 1.3.2.B.5

Topic: Movement (2 weeks)

- VII. The Nutcracker Ballet
 - a. Learning the story of the Nutcracker Ballet
 - b. Moving to the music of the Nutcracker Ballet
 - c. Following directions-acting out short plays

NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.A.1, 1.1.2.B.2, 1.1.2.C.3, 1.3.2.C.1, 1.4.2.A.2, 1.4.2.B.3

Topic: Rhythm (3 weeks)

- VI. Rhythm performance
 - a. Clapping quarter note, quarter rests and eighth note rhythms
 - b. Playing instruments on the beat
 - c. Playing instruments to rhythmic patterns in 4/4 time

NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.B.2, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.3, 1.3.2.B.5, 1.3.2.B.6, 1.3.2.B.7

Topic: Melody (4 weeks)

VIII. Melodic Direction

- a. Moving to ascending and descending melodies
- b. Identifying ascending and descending melodies
- c. Playing Mi-Re-Do on the bells
- d. Identifying high and low pitch
- e. Playing a major scale on the bells

NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.A.1, 1.1.2.B.2, 1.1.2.B.3, 1.3.2.A.1, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.3, 1.3.2.B.6

Materials Used in this Unit

- Toe, Leg Knee CD
- Silver Birdette Grade 1 & 2 Textbook, CD
- Drum
- Rhythm cards
- Nutcracker CD and book
- Bells
- Music K-8 songs and CD
- Musical Experience book
- · It's Time for Music book and CD

21st Century Skills (The ones that apply to this unit are in bold)

- · Creativity & Innovation
- Critical Thinking & Problem Solving
- Communication & Collaboration
- Media Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Information, Communication & Technology

21st Century Themes (The ones that apply to this unit are in bold)

- Global Awareness
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
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Technology Standards

- 8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems.
- 8.1.5.A.3 Use a graphic organizer to organize information about problem or issue.
- 8.1.5.A.4 Graph data using a spreadsheet analyze and produce a report that explains the analysis of the data.
- 8.2.2.B.2 Demonstrate how reusing a product affects the local and global environment.
- 8.2.2.B.4 Identify how the ways people live and work has changed because of technology.

Career Education Standards

- 9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work-related activities in the school, home, and community.
- 9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and relate information to personal likes and dislikes.

Career Ready Practices

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- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Interdisciplinary Connections:

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- K.CC.A Know number names and the count sequence.
- K.CC.B Count to tell the number of objects.
- K.MD.B Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.
- 1.0A.C Add and subtract within 20.
- 1.NBT.A Extend the counting sequence.
- 2.G.A Reason with shapes and their attributes.
- 6.1.4.A.14 Describe how the world is divided into many nations that have their own governments, languages, customs, and laws.
- 6.1.4.C.18 Explain how the development of communications systems has led to increased collaboration and the spread of ideas throughout the United States and the world.

Assessments

Formative Assessments:

- Ask questions
- Think-pair-share
- During lesson polls
- · Exit tickets
- · Demonstrate learning through diagramming or charting

Summative Assessments:

- End of unit tests/quizzes
- Final project

District Benchmark:

K-1: Sing and sign mi-re-do on pitch

Play the bells on mi-re-do

Sing a variety of simple melodies.

2: Sing a variety of simple melodies.

Sing on pitch from basic notation.

K-1: Keep a steady beat.

Perform and Identify Gob, Gobble

2: Keep a steady beat.

Perform and Identify quarter and eighth note and half note rhythms.

K-1: Move to and identify ascending and descending melodies.

Sing and play the bells on Mi-re-do

Follow directions in a short play.

2: Move to and identify ascending and descending melodies.

Sing and play the bells on a major scale.

Alternative Assessment

K-2 PBA based on student choice

Differentiation

Special Education: Read and follow IEP/504. Meet with CST case manager if additional guidance is needed.

For Gifted: Encourage risk taking in crating their projects as opportunities to stretch skills during production. Actively assess to identify student interests, learning preferences and the ability to work independently.

At Risk: Review specific accommodations for individual students in RTI folder. If accommodations are not working, schedule meeting with RTI case manager to discus and refine/update strategies.

ELL: Meet with Mrs. Olczak to discuss specific accommodations based on student progress and placement on WIDA testing.

کر ا		culum Management System	Topic: Singing	
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level:		Goal 5: The student will be able to sing, identify and perform	n simple melodies.
		des K-2		
		eral Music		T
ges nst	_	ctives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Sug	(CPI	•	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
		student will be able to:		
4	5.1.	Sing and sign the pitches mi-re-do. (1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2)	Essential Questions: How can you successfully match pitch? What makes a good singing voice?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.
	5.2.	Play the bells on the pitches mi-re-do. (1.3.2.B.1. 1.3.2.B.3)	How does music add to the meaning and enjoyment of the holiday season?	Learning Activities: Singing a variety of simple songs.
	5.3.	Sing melodies by rote. (1.1.2.B.1)	Conceptual Understandings: Proper vocal production/vocal placement requires an understanding of the physical properties of sound and	Singing and signing mi-re-do Playing the bells on mi-re-do Singing ascending and descending melodies.
	5.4.	Sing ascending and descending melodies in Solfeggio. (1.1.2.B.1)	basic anatomy. Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy.	Assessment Models: Students will be asked to: K-1: Sing and sign mi-re-do on pitch Play the bells on mi-re-do
	5.5.	Sing a seasonal song. (1.3.2.B.1)	The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo.	Sing a variety of simple melodies. 2: Sing a variety of simple melodies. Sing on pitch from basic notation.
	5.6.	Sing songs from a lyric page. (1.3.2.B.1)	Improvisation is a foundational skill for music composition.	Additional Resources: Music K-8 Magazine
	5.7.	Sing songs from a textbook. (1.3.2.B.1)		It's Time For Music (Mary Louise Reilly & Lynn Freeman Olson) Toe, Leg Knee CD
	5.8.	Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in		Silver Birdette Grade 1 & 2 Textbook, CDs Musical Experiences

ų_	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Singing		
ys o	Subject/Grade Level:	Goal 5: The student will be able to sing, identified	fy and perform simple melodies.	
day tior	Grades K-2			
ted :ruc	General Music			
ges Inst	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities /	
Suggested days of Instruction	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The student will be able to: completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1) 5.9. Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience. (9.1.4.D.1) 5.10. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2) 5.11. Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in the family, classroom, and community settings. (9.1.4.F.3)			

Ť	Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2 General Music Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:		Topic: Rhythm	
d days o ction			Goal 6: The student will be able to perform quarter note,	arter rest and eighth note rhythms with a steady beat.
Suggested days of Instruction			Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
4	6.1.6.2.6.3.	Clap and play instruments on a steady beat. (1.1.2.B.1, 1.1.2.B.2) Perform quarter note, eighth note and quarter rest rhythms. (1.1.2.B.3) Identify specific rhythms in 4/4 time. (1.1.2.B.3) Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience. (9.1.4.D.1) Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2) Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe siuations in which productivity and accountability are important	Essential Questions: How can you successfully keep a steady beat with the music? What is the difference between these rhythms? How can you successfully perform these rhythms? Conceptual Understandings: Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy. The Elements of Music are foundational to basic music literacy. The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo. Music is often defined as organized sound that is dependent upon predictable properties of tone and pitch. Musical notation captures tonality, dynamic range, and rhythm.	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher. Learning Activities: Echo clapping rhythms Rhythm card drill Assessment Models: Students will be asked to: K-1: Keep a steady beat. Perform and Identify Gob, Gobble 2: Keep a steady beat. Perform and Identify quarter and eighth note and half note rhythms. Additional Resources: Drum Rhythm cards Musical Experiences

days of on	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Rhythm Goal 6: The student will be able to perform quarter note, quarter rest and eighth note rhythms with a steady beat.		
	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2			
ed c ucti	General Music			
Suggested days of Instruction	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The student will be able to:			
	in the home, school, and community.			
	(9.1.4.F.1)			
	6.7. Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activiites. (9.1.4.F.2)			

Suggested days of Instruction	Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2 General Music Objectives / Cluster Concepts /		Topic: Movement	
			Goal 7: The student will be able to appreciate and move to the music from the Nutcracker Ballet.	
stec			Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Sugge	_	ulative Progress Indicators	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:			
1	7.1. 7.2.	Understand how music and dance tells a story. (1.3.2.C.2, 1.3.2.C.3) Perform dance moves to excerpts from the Nutcracker. (1.1.2.A.2, 1.1.2.A.4) Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play).	Essential Questions: How can you identify the type of dancing in the Nutcracker? What characterizes this type of dance? How can you successfully perform this dance? What is the story of the Nutcracker? Conceptual Understandings: Original movement is generated through improvisational skills and techniques. The coordination and isolation of different body parts is dependent on dynamic alignment of the body while standing and moving.	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher. Learning Activities: Listening and reading the story of the Nutcracker. Dancing to songs from the Nutcracker. Assessment Models: Observation, Oral Review
	7.4.	Use effective oral and written communication in face-to-face and online interactions and when presenting to an audience. (9.1.4.D.1) Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activiites.	Actors use voice and movement as tools for storytelling. Voice and movement both have broad a range of expressive potential.	Additional Resources: Nutcracker CD and book

Suggested days of Instruction	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Movement Goal 7: The student will be able to appreciate and move to the music from the Nutcracker Ballet.		
	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2			
	General Music			
	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
Sugo	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Mode	
	The student will be able to:			
	(9.1.4.F.2)			
	7.6. Explain the importance of understanding and following rules in the family, classroom, and community settings. (9.1.4.F.3)			

J C	Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2		Topic: Melody	
Suggested days of Instruction			Goal 8: The student will be able to identify and play ascending and descending melodies.	
		eral Music		
este		ctives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Sugge	_	ulative Progress Indicators	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The s	tudent will be able to:		
4	8.1.	Move to ascending and descending melodies. (1.1.2.B.2) Identify high and low pitch. (1.1.2.B.1)	Essential Questions: What is the difference between a high or low pitch? How can you successfully identify melodic direction? How can you successfully play the bells as part of a major scale?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher. Learning Activities:
	8.3.	Identify ascending and descending melodies. (1.1.2.B.2)	Conceptual Understandings: Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy.	Stand up or sit down? Game Moving to High and Low pitch Playing low bell and high bell Singing and moving to ascending and descending melodies.
	8.4.	Play mi-re-do on the bells.		Playing the bells on mi-re-do
	(1.3.2.B.1)	(1.3.2.B.1)	The Elements of Music are foundational to basic music literacy.	Playing the bell on a specific note of the major scale.
	8.5.	Play a major scale on the bells. (1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.3)	Playing techniques for Orff instruments are precursors for techniques used for hand percussion and melodic percussion instruments.	Acting out I'm going up play Assessment Models: Students will be asked to:
	8.6.	Act out a play by showing melodic direction. (1.1.2.A.4, 1.3.2.C.1)	Plays may use narrative structures to communicate themes.	K-1: Move to and identify ascending and descending melodies. Sing and play the bells on Mi-re-do
	8.7.	Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1)	The coordination and isolation of different body parts is dependent on dynamic alignment of the body while standing and moving.	Follow directions in a short play. 2: Move to and identify ascending and descending melodies. Sing and play the bells on a major scale. Additional Resources:

Curriculum Management Sy	ystem Topic: Melody		
Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2	Goal 8: The student will be able to identify an	Goal 8: The student will be able to identify and play ascending and descending melodies.	
Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2 General Music Objectives / Cluster Concept Cumulative Progress Indication (CPI's) The student will be able to:	tors Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
8.8. Express needs, wants, feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)	and	Bells Music K-8 songs and CD Musical Experience book Silver Birdette grade 2 text Toe Leg Knee CD It's Time for Music book and CD	

Trimester III (March to June)			
Topic: Singing (2 weeks) IX. Singing simple melodies a. Singing on the pitches do-mi-sol b. Singing and signing all previously learned melodic patterns c. Singing seasonal songs d. Reading songs from the textbook e. Singing rounds f. Singing songs for performance NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2, 1.3.2.B.3, 1.3.2.B.4, 1.3.2.B.5	Topic: Rhythm (3 weeks) X. Rhythm performance a. Clapping quarter note, quarter rests and eighth note rhythms b. Playing Instruments in a rhythmic pattern c. Clapping rhythmic patterns in 4/4 time d. Introducing rhythms in 3/4 time NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.B.2, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.3, 1.3.2.B.5, 1.3.2.B.6, 1.3.2.B.7		
Topic: Movement (2 weeks) XI. Dance a. Performing specific dance moves b. Following directions-acting our short plays c. Learning choreography for performance NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.A.1, 1.1.2.B.2, 1.1.2.C.2, 1.1.2.C.3, 1.3.2.C.1, 1.3.2.C.3, 1.4.2.A.2	Topic: Music Symbols (4 weeks) XII. The Note & Rest Families a. Introducing the Note Family: Quarter, Half, Whole and Eighth notes b. Introducing the Rest Family: Quarter, Half, Whole and Eighth rests c. Introducing 16 th and 32 nd notes d. Moving to the Note Family e. Resting to the Rest Family f. Identifying notes in printed music g. Identifying rests in printed music NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.B.3, 1.3.2.A.2, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.6		
Topic: Instruments (2 weeks) XIII. Classroom instruments a. Playing classroom instruments on the beat b. Playing classroom instruments in a rhythmic pattern c. Following a conductor d. Introducing instruments of the orchestra e. Identifying the sounds of classroom instruments NJSLA Music Standards addressed: 1.1.2.B.4, 1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2, 1.3.2.B.4, 1.3.2.B.6,			

Materials Used in this Unit

- It's Time For Music (Mary Louise Reilly & Lynn Freeman Olson) Silver Birdette Grade 1 & 2 Textbook, CDs
- Rockin' a Round
- Drum
- Rhythm cards Meet the Note Family Coloring book Music K-8 magazine

- Classroom Instrument Bingo
- Elmo Peter and the Wolf Video
- Second Grade play songs

21st Century Skills (The ones that apply to this unit are in bold)

- Creativity & Innovation
- Critical Thinking & Problem Solving
- Communication & Collaboration
- Media Literacy
- Information Literacy
- Information, Communication & Technology

21st Century Themes (The ones that apply to this unit are in bold)

- Global Awareness
- Financial, Economic, Business and Entrepreneurial Literacy
- Civic Literacy
- Health Literacy
- Environmental Literacy

Technology Standards

- 8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems.
- 8.1.5.A.3 Use a graphic organizer to organize information about problem or issue.
- 8.2.2.B.2 Demonstrate how reusing a product affects the local and global environment.

Career Education Standards

- 9.2.4.A.2 Identify various life roles and civic and work-related activities in the school, home, and community.
- 9.2.4.A.3 Investigate both traditional and nontraditional careers and relate information to personal likes and dislikes.

Career Ready Practices

- CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.
- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Interdisciplinary Connections:

- RF.K.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).
- NJSLSA.W10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- K.CC.A Know number names and the count sequence.
- K.CC.B Count to tell the number of objects.

K.MD.B Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.

1.0A.C Add and subtract within 20.

1.NBT.A Extend the counting sequence.

2.G.A Reason with shapes and their attributes.

Assessments

Formative Assessments:

- Ask questions
- Think-pair-share
- Exit tickets
- Demonstrate learning through diagramming or charting

Summative Assessments:

- End of unit tests/quizzes
- Final project

District Benchmark:

K-1: Sing and sign do-mi-sol on pitch.

Play the bells on do-mi-sol.

Sing a variety of simple melodies.

2: Sing a variety of rounds.

Sing on pitch from basic notation.

- K-1: Follow coloring directions when coloring the note family.
- 2: Identify notes in a piece of music.
- K-1: Sing and sign solfegg on pitch.

Play the bells on melodies.

Sing a variety of simple melodies.

2: Sing a variety of rounds.

Sing on pitch from basic notation.

Perform in a musical production.

K-1: Play instruments on a steady beat.

Play instruments with proper technique.

Follow a conductor.

2: Play instruments in a rhythmic pattern.

Play Instruments with proper technique.

Follow a conductor.

Identify classroom instruments in a game.

Identify families of instruments.

K-1: Move to specific choreography.

Create moves for specific tempos.

Follow directions for a short narrative play.

Move to specific choreography.

Create dance moves to songs.

- K-1: Follow coloring directions when coloring the rest family
- 2: Identify notes in a piece of music.

Differentiation

Special Education: Read and follow IEP/504. Meet with CST case manager if additional guidance is needed.

For Gifted: Encourage risk taking in crating their projects as opportunities to stretch skills during production. Actively assess to identify student interests, learning preferences and the ability to work independently.

At Risk: Review specific accommodations for individual students in RTI folder. If accommodations are not working, schedule meeting with RTI case manager to discus and refine/update strategies.

ELL: Meet with Mrs. Olczak to discuss specific accommodations based on student progress and placement on WIDA testing.

District Goals

Opportunities for Inquiry Based Learning and Project Based Learning as outlined in lesson plans

J C	Curriculum Management System Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2		Topic: Singing		
ys (Goal 9: The student will be able to sing, identify and perform simple melodies.		
Suggested days of Instruction					
		eral Music			
ges Inst	-	ctives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities /	
Sug	(CPI's	•	Conceptual Understandings	Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
		tudent will be able to:			
4	9.1.	Sing on the pitchers do-misol. (1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2)	Essential Questions: How can you successfully match pitch? What makes a good singing voice?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.	
	9.2.	Sing seasonal songs. (1.3.2.B.2)	How does music add to the meaning and enjoyment of the holiday season? How do you successfully sing in a round?	Learning Activities: Singing a variety of simple songs.	
	9.3.	Sing rounds.		Singing and signing mi-re-do	
		(1.3.2.B.4)	Conceptual Understandings:	Playing the bells on mi-re-do	
	9.4.	Sing songs from a lyric page.	Proper vocal production/vocal placement requires an understanding of the physical properties of sound and basic anatomy.	Singing in a round.	
		(1.3.2.B.1)	,	Assessment Models:	
	9.5.	Sing songs from a textbook.	Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy.	Students will be asked to: K-1: Sing and sign do-mi-sol on pitch	
	0.0.	(1.3.2.B.1)		Play the bells on do-mi-sol	
	9.6.	Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in	The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo.	Sing a variety of simple melodies. 2: Sing a variety of rounds Sing on pitch from basic notation.	
		completing tasks in different	Proper breathing technique and correct posture improve	Additional Resources:	
		settings(at home, in school, during play).	timbre of the voice and protect the voice when singing.	Music K-8 Magazine	
		(9.1.4.C.1)		It's Time For Music (Mary Louise Reilly & Lynn Freeman Olson)	
	9.7.	Express needs, wants, and		Silver Birdette Grade 1 & 2 Textbook, CDs	
	g.1.	feelings approrpiately in	22	Musical Experiences	

Suggested days of Instruction	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Singing Goal 9: The student will be able to sing, identify and perform simple melodies.		
	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2			
	General Music			
	Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The student will be able to:			
	various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)		Rockin' a Round	
	9.8. Explain the meaning of productivity and accountability, and describe sinuations in which productivity and accountability are important in the home, school, and community. (9.1.4.F.1)			

J	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Rhythm		
ays on	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2	Goal 10: The student will be able to quarter note, quarter rest and eighth note rhythms with a steady beat.		
d da	General Music			
ste	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
Suggested days of Instruction	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	The student will be able to:			
2	 10.1. Clap and play instruments on a steady beat. (1.1.2.B.1, 1.1.2.B.2) 10.2. Perform quarter note, eighth note & quarter rest rhythms. (1.1.2.B.3) 10.3. Identify specific rhythms in 4/4 time. (1.3.2.B.1) 10.4. Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking. (9.1.4.B.1) 10.5. Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1) 	Essential Questions: How can you successfully keep a steady beat with the music? What is the difference between these rhythms? How can you successfully perform these rhythms? Conceptual Understandings: Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy. The Elements of Music are foundational to basic music literacy. The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo. Music is often defined as organized sound that is dependent upon predictable properties of tone and pitch. Musical notation captures tonality, dynamic range, and rhythm.	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher. Learning Activities: Echo clapping rhythms Rhythm card drill Assessment Models: Students will be asked to: K-1: Keep a steady beat. Perform and Identify Gob, Gobble 2: Keep a steady beat. Perform and Identify quarter and eighth note and half note rhythms. Additional Resources: Drum Rhythm cards Musical Experiences	
	10.6. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)			

<u> </u>	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Movement	
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2	Goal 11: The student will be able to move to specific choreography as well as follow directions.	
ted	General Music		
ges	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities /
Sug	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:		
2	11.1. Perform specific dance moves.	Essential Questions: How can you successfully perform these dance moves? Why is it important to follow these directions? What makes a good performance of this play?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.
	(1.1.2.A.1, 1.3.2.C.1)	Conceptual Understandings:	Learning Activities: Moving to specific rhythms.
	11.3. Performing choreography for performance. (1.1.2.A.3, 1.1.2.A.4)	Original choreography and improvisation of movement sequences begins with basic understanding of the dance elements.	Performing choreography Creating dance moves to songs. Acting out a short play.
	11.4. Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking. (9.1.4.B.1)	Original movement is generated through improvisational skills and techniques. There are distinct differences between pedestrian movements and formal training in dance.	Assessment Models: Students will be asked to: K-1: Move to specific choreography Create moves for specific tempos. Follow directions for a short narrative play.
	 11.5. Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1) 11.6. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2) 	The coordination and isolation of different body parts is dependent on dynamic alignment of the body while standing and moving. Plays may use narrative structures to communicate themes.	2: Move to specific choreography Create dance moves to songs. Additional Resources: Silver Birdette Grade 2 Textbook Musical Experiences Music K-8 Magazine 2 nd Grade Play songs

	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Music Symbols	
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level:	Goal 12: The student will be able to identify quarter, half, whole, eighth and sixteenth notes.	
	Grades K-2		
ted	General Music		
ges	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Sug	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:		
2	12.1. Identify members of the Note Family. (1.3.2.D.1)	Essential Questions: What are the differences between the quarter note and the other members of the note family?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.
	12.2. Locate members of the Note Family in printed music. (1.3.2.B.1)	Can you successfully identify the note family in this piece of music?	Learning Activities: Coloring the Note Family
	12.3. Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking. (9.1.4.B.1)	Conceptual Understandings: The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo.	Locating the Note Family in songs from the textbook. Assessment Models: Students will be asked to: K-1: Follow coloring directions when coloring the
	12.4. Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1)		note family. 2: Identify notes in a piece of music. Additional Resources: Meet the Note Family Coloring book Silver Birdette textbook Music K-8 magazine
	12.5. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)		

4	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Singing	
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level:	Goal 13: The student will be able to sing, identify and perform	orm simple melodies.
	Grades K-2		
sted	General Music		
ges	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities /
Sug	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:		
2	13.1. Sing and signing all previously learned melodic patterns. (1.3.2.B.1, 1.3.2.B.2) 13.2. Sing seasonal songs. (1.3.2.B.1)	Essential Questions: How can you successfully match pitch? What makes a good singing voice? How does music add to the meaning and enjoyment of the holiday season? How can your singing voice enhance the meaning of your performance?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher. Learning Activities: Singing a variety of simple songs.
	13.3. Sing rounds. (1.3.2.B.4)	How do you sing in a round?	Singing and signing solfegg melodies Playing the bells on solfegg melodies Singing in a round.
	13.4. Sing songs from a lyric page. (1.3.2.B.1)	Conceptual Understandings: Proper vocal production/vocal placement requires an understanding of the physical properties of sound and basic anatomy.	Singing songs for a performance. Assessment Models:
	13.5. Sing songs from a textbook. (1.3.2.B.1)	Ear training and listening skills are prerequisites for musical literacy.	Students will be asked to: K-1: Sing and sign solfegg on pitch Play the bells on melodies Sing a variety of simple melodies.
	13.6. Singing songs for a performance. (1.3.2.B.4, 1.3.2.C.3)	The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo	2: Sing a variety of rounds Sing on pitch from basic notation. Perform in a musical production.
	13.7. Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1)	Proper breathing technique and correct posture improve timbre of the voice and protect the voice when singing. Voice and movement both have broad a range of expressive potential.	Additional Resources: Music K-8 Magazine It's Time For Music (Mary Louise Reilly & Lynn Freeman Olson) Silver Birdette Grade 1 & 2 Textbook, CDs

Suggested days of Instruction	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Singing Goal 13: The student will be able to sing, identify and perform simple melodies.	
	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2		
	General Music		
	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:		
			Musical Experiences
	13.8. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)		Rockin' a Round

J	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Instruments Goal 14: The student will be able to identify and play classroom instruments on a steady beat as well as play in rhythmic patterns. They will also identify instrument families of the orchestra.	
ys c	Subject/Grade Level:		
da tion	Grades K-2		
Suggested days of Instruction	General Music		
	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities /
Sug	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:		
4	14.1. Play instruments on the beat.(1.3.2.B.3)	Essential Questions: How can you successfully play this instrument on the beat? What skills or techniques do you need to successfully play	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class, the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.
	14.2. Play instruments in a rhythmic pattern. (1.3.2.B.1)14.3. Follow a conductor.	these instruments? How can you successfully follow the conductor? What is the difference in sound of these instruments? How does the sound classify the instrument into a group or family?	Learning Activities: Playing classroom instruments on the beat. Playing classroom instruments in a rhythmic
	(1.3.2.B.7)		pattern. Following the conductor. Classroom instrument Bingo
	14.4. Identify the sounds of classroom instruments.(1.1.2.B.2)	Conceptual Understandings: The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate	Watching Elmo "Peter and the Wolf" video Assessment Models:
	14.5. Identify families of the orchestra.	pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo.	Students will be asked to: K-1: Play instruments on a steady beat
	(1.1.2.B.2)	Playing technique for classroom instruments are precursors for techniques used for hand percussion and melodic percussion instruments.	Play instruments with proper technique Follow a conductor. 2: Play instruments in a rhythmic pattern
	14.6. Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and strategies that foster creative thinking.	The elements of music are foundational to basic music literacy.	Play Instruments with proper technique Follow a conductor. Identify classroom instruments in a game
	(9.1.4.B.1)	Basic conducting patterns and gestures provide cues about how and when to execute changes in dynamics, timbre, and timing.	Identify families of instruments. Additional Resources:
	14.7. Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in	and uning.	Classroom instruments Rhythm Band book and tape

	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Instruments		
o of	Subject/Grade Level:	·		
Suggested days of Instruction	Grades K-2	<u>Goal 14:</u> The student will be able to identify and play classroom instruments on a steady beat as well as play in rhythmic patterns. They will also identify instrument families of the orchestra.		
	General Music			
	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /	
	Cumulative Progress Indicators	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	(CPI's) The student will be able to:		interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model	
	completing tasks in different		Classroom Instrument Bingo	
	settings(at home, in school,		Elmo Peter and the Wolf Video	
	during play).		Elino i etel and the won video	
	(9.1.4.C.1)			
	14.8. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations.			
	(9.1.4.D.2)			
	14.9. Establish and follow performance goals to guide progress in assigned areas of responsibility and accountability during classroom projects and extra-curricular activiites. (9.1.4.F.2)			

Suggested days of Instruction	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Dance Goal 15: The student will be able to move to specific choreography as well as follow directions.	
	Subject/Grade Level: Grades K-2 General Music		
	Objectives / Cluster Concepts / Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's) The student will be able to:	Essential Questions, Conceptual Understandings	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology / Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
2	15.1. Perform specific dance		Learning Activities:
	moves. (1.1.2.A.1, 1.1.2.A.4)	Essential Questions: How can you successfully perform these dance moves? Why is it important to follow these directions?	Moving to specific rhythms. Performing choreography Creating dance moves to songs.
	15.2. Follow directions acting out short plays.	What makes a good performance of this play?	Acting out a short play.
	(1.1.2.A.2, 1.3.2.C.1)		Assessment Models:
	15.3. Performing choreography for performance. (1.1.2.A.3, 1.1.2.A.4)	Conceptual Understandings: Original choreography and improvisation of movement sequences begins with basic understanding of the dance elements.	Students will be asked to: K-1: Move to specific choreography. Create moves for specific tempos. Follow directions for a short narrative play.
	15.4. Participate in brainstorming sessions to seek information, ideas, and	Original movement is generated through improvisational skills and techniques.	Move to specific choreography. Create dance moves to songs.
	strategies that foster creative thinking. (9.1.4.B.1)	There are distinct differences between pedestrian movements and formal training in dance.	Additional Resources: Silver Birdette Grade 2 Textbook Musical Experiences
	15.5. Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different	The coordination and isolation of different body parts is dependent on dynamic alignment of the body while standing and moving.	Music K-8 Magazine 2 nd grade play songs
	settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1)	Plays may use narrative structures to communicate themes.	
	15.6. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. (9.1.4.D.2)		

	Curriculum Management System	Topic: Music Symbols Goal 16: The student will be able to identify quarter, half, whole, eighth and sixteenth rests.	
Suggested days of Instruction	Subject/Grade Level:		
	Grades K-2		
	General Music		
	Objectives / Cluster Concepts /	Essential Questions,	Instructional Tools / Materials / Technology /
Sug	Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPI's)	Conceptual Understandings	Resources / Learning Activities / Interdisciplinary Activities / Assessment Model
	The student will be able to:		
2	16.1. Identify members of the Rest Family. (1.3.2.B.1)	Essential Questions: What are the differences between the quarter rest and the other members of the rest family?	NOTE: Depending upon the needs of the class the assessment questions may be answered in the form of essays, quizzes, mobiles, PowerPoint, oral reports, booklets, or other formats of measurement used by the teacher.
	16.2. Locate members of the Rest Family in printed music. (1.3.2.B.1)	Can you successfully identify the rest family in this piece of music?	Learning Activities: Coloring the Rest Family
	16.3. Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in classroom and family settings. (9.1.4.A.5)	Conceptual Understandings: The ability to read music notation correlates to musical fluency and literacy. Notation systems are complex symbolic languages that in their simplest forms indicate pitch, rhythm, dynamics and tempo.	Locating the Rest Family in songs from the textbook. Assessment Models: Students will be asked to: K-1: Follow coloring directions when coloring the
	 16.4. Practice collaborative skills in groups, and explain how these skills assist in completing tasks in different settings(at home, in school, during play). (9.1.4.C.1) 16.5. Express needs, wants, and feelings approrpiately in various situations. 		rest family 2: Identify notes in a piece of music. Additional Resources: Meet the Note Family Coloring book Silver Birdette textbook Music K-8 magazine
	(9.1.4.D.2)		